## **IN THE SPECIFICATION**

Replace the first full paragraph on page 6 of the specification with the following:

- Fig. 2 (a) shows a representative liver section from a normal mouse (no LPS was injected into the mouse.
- Figs. 2(a)1, 2(a)2 and 2(a) 3 are pictures of normal mice where no LPS was injected.
- Fig. 2(b) shows a representative liver section from a mouse that was injected with LPS (40 mg/kg intraperitoneally).
- Figs 2(b)1, 2(b)2 and 2(b)3 are pictures of mice that were injected with LPS (40 mg/kg intraperitoneally).
- Fig. 2(c) shows a representative liver section from a mouse that was injected with LPS and fed with curcumin.
- Fig. 2(c)1 shows a mouse that was injected with LPS, fed with curcumin and observed at 20 hours.
- Fig. 2(c)2 shows a mouse that was injected with LPS, fed with curcumin and observed at 20 hours.
- Fig. 2(c)3 shows a mouse that was injected with LPS, fed with curcumin and observed after 72 hours.
- Fig. 2(c)4 shows a mouse that was injected with LPS, fed with curcumin and observed after 72 hours.
- Fig. 2(c)5 shows a mouse that was injected with LPS, fed with curcumin and observed after 72 hours.

The arrows indicate clusters of neutrophils.

Figure 2 shows representative of liver sections of mice from various treatment groups after LPS challenge. Mice were sacrificed 24 hrs after LPS challenge, their livers dissected out, fixed in bouins fixative, sectioned and stained with chloroacetylesterase to visualize neutrophils as detailed below. Representative liver sections from normal (A), LPS challenged (b) and curcimin treated & LPS challenged (c) mice. The arrows indicate clusters of neutrophils.